



















Datasheet

Tianma

NL10276BC13-01C

6.5" TFT Display

NL-01-028

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TFT COLOR LCD MODULE

NL10276BC13-01C

17cm (6.5 Type) XGA LVDS interface (1port)



DOD-PP-3282 (7th edition)

This DATA SHEET is updated document from DOD-PP-2937(6).

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INTRODUCTION

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Examples: Vehicle/train/ship control system, traffic signals system, traffic information control system, air traffic control system, surgery/operation equipment monitor, disaster/crime prevention system, etc.

The **Specific:** Applications as any failure, malfunction or error of the products might severe cause any damage to death, human bodily injury or other property (Products Safety Issue) and the safety of the public (Social Issues) and developed, designed and manufactured in accordance with the standards or quality assurance program designated by the customer who requires extremely high level reliability and quality.

Examples: Aerospace system (except seat entertainment monitor), nuclear control system, life support system, etc.

The quality grade of this product is the "Standard" unless otherwise specified in this document.



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1. OUTLINE

1.1 STRUCTURE AND PRINCIPLE

Color LCD module NL10276BC13-01C is composed of the amorphous silicon thin film transistor liquid crystal display (a-Si TFT LCD) panel structure with driver LSIs for driving the TFT (Thin Film Transistor) array and a backlight.

The a-Si TFT LCD panel structure is injected liquid crystal material into a narrow gap between the TFT array glass substrate and a color-filter glass substrate.

Color (Red, Green, Blue) data signals from a host system (e.g. signal generator, etc.) are modulated into best form for active matrix system by a signal processing board, and sent to the driver LSIs which drive the individual TFT arrays.

The TFT array as an electro-optical switch regulates the amount of transmitted light from the backlight assembly, when it is controlled by data signals. Color images are created by regulating the amount of transmitted light through the TFT array of red, green and blue dots.

1.2 APPLICATION

• For industrial use

1.3 FEATURES

- Adoption of T-EVT (Transmissive- Enhanced View TFT)
- High resolution
- High luminance
- High contrast
- Wide viewing angle
- Low reflection
- LVDS interface
- Reversible-scan direction
- Selectable 8-bit or 6-bit digital signals for data of RGB
- LED backlight
- Replaceable lamp for backlight
- Acquisition product for UL60950-1/CSA-C22.2 No.60950-1-03 (File number: E170632)
- Compliant with the European RoHS directive (2011/65/EU) and Delegated Directive (2015/863/EU, Amending Annex II of 2011/65/EU)

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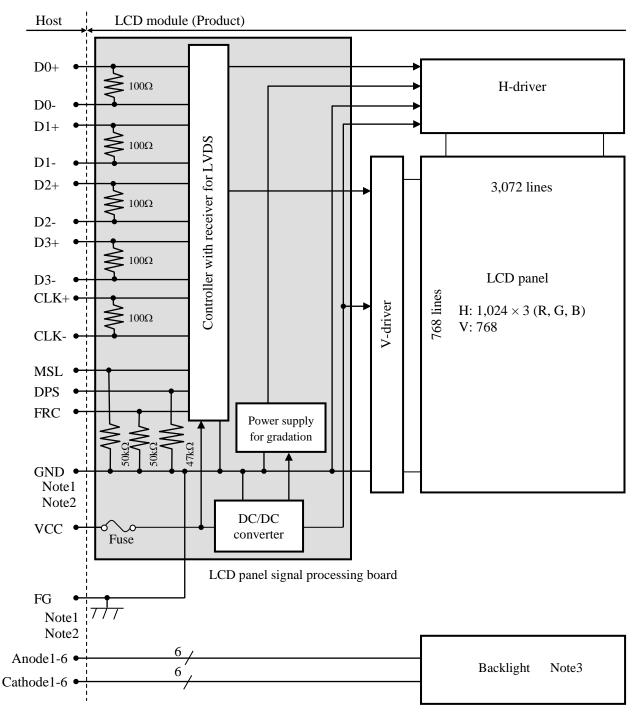


2. GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Display area	132.096 (H) × 99.072 (V) mm					
Diagonal size of display	17cm (6.5inches)					
Drive system	a-Si TFT active matrix					
Display color	16,777,216 colors (At 8-bit input, FRC terminal= High) 262,144 colors (At 6-bit input, FRC terminal= Low or Open)					
Pixel	$1,024 \text{ (H)} \times 768 \text{ (V)} \text{ pixels}$					
Pixel arrangement	RGB (Red dot, Green dot, Blue dot) vertical stripe					
Dot pitch	$0.043 \text{ (H)} \times 0.129 \text{ (V)} \text{ mm}$					
Pixel pitch	$0.129 \text{ (H)} \times 0.129 \text{ (V)} \text{ mm}$					
Module size	$153.0 \text{ (W)} \times 118.0 \text{ (H)} \times 9.0 \text{ (D)} \text{ mm (typ.)}$					
Weight	170g (typ.)					
Contrast ratio	500:1 (typ.)					
Viewing angle	At the contrast ratio ≥10:1 • Horizontal: Right side 80° (typ.), Left side 80° (typ.) • Vertical: Up side 80° (typ.), Down side 60° (typ.)					
Designed viewing direction	 At DPS= Low or Open: Normal scan Viewing direction without image reversal: Up side (12 o'clock) Viewing direction with contrast peak: Down side (6 o'clock) Viewing angle with optimum grayscale (γ = 2.2): Normal axis (perpendicular) 					
Polarizer surface	Clear + Antireflection (AR)					
Polarizer pencil-hardness	2H (min.) [by JIS K5600]					
Color gamut	At LCD panel center 36% (typ.) [against NTSC color space]					
Response time	$Ton+Toff (10\% \longleftrightarrow 90\%)$ 25ms (typ.)					
Luminance	At IL= 15mA / One circuit 650cd/m ² (typ.)					
Signal system	LVDS interface (1port) (Receiver: THC63LVDF84B, THine Electronics Inc. or equivalent) [8-bit/6-bit digital signals for data of RGB colors, Dot clock (CLK), Data enable (DE)]					
Power supply voltage	LCD panel signal processing board: 3.3V					
Backlight	LED backlight: Replaceable part • Lamp holder set: 65LHS13					
	At IL= 15mA / One circuit, Checkered flag pattern					



3. BLOCK DIAGRAM



Note1: Relation between GND (Signal ground), FG (Frame ground) in the LCD module is as follows.

GND-FG

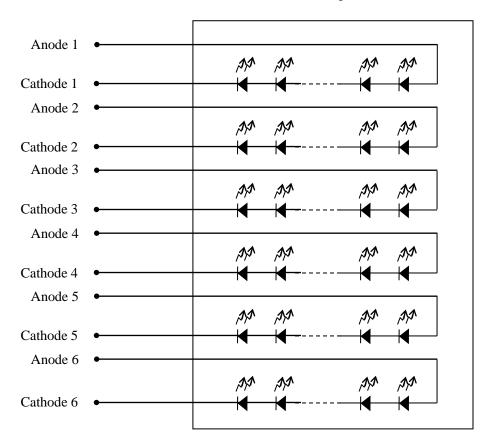
Connected

Note2: GND and FG must be connected to customer equipment's ground, and it is recommended that these grounds to be connected together in customer equipment.



Note3: Backlight in detail

Backlight





4. DETAILED SPECIFICATIONS

4.1 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Parameter	Specification		Unit
Module size	$153.0 \pm 0.5 \text{ (W)} \times 118.0 \pm 0.5 \text{ (H)} \times 9.0 \pm 0.5 \text{ (D)}$	Note1	mm
Display area	132.096 (H) × 99.072 (V)	Note1	mm
Weight	170 (typ.), 190 (max.)		g

Note1: See "8. OUTLINE DRAWINGS".

4.2 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

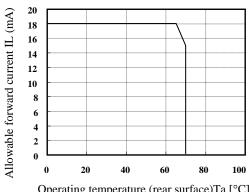
	Paramete	er	Symbol	Rating	Unit	Remarks			
Power supply voltage	LCD panel s	ignal processing board	VCC	-0.3 to +4.0	V				
Input voltage	Di	splay signals Note1	VD	-0.3 to VCC+0.3	V	-			
for signals	Fu	nction signals Note2	VF	-0.3 to VCC+0.3	V				
	Incident light in	ntensity	II	150,000	lx	Note3			
Backlight	For	rward current	IL	Note4	mA	per one circuit			
	Storage tempe	erature	Tst	-30 to +80	°C	-			
0		Front surface	TopF	-20 to +70	°C	Note5			
Operating te	mperature	Rear surface	TopR	-20 to +70	°C	Note6			
				≤ 95	%	Ta ≤ 40°C			
	Relative hun	nidity	RH	≤ 85	%	$40^{\circ}\text{C} < \text{Ta} \le 50^{\circ}\text{C}$			
	Note7		КП	≤ 55	%	$50^{\circ}\text{C} < \text{Ta} \le 60^{\circ}\text{C}$			
				≤ 36	%	$60^{\circ}\text{C} < \text{Ta} \le 70^{\circ}\text{C}$			
	Absolute hur Note7	nidity	AH	≤ 70 Note8	g/m ³	Ta > 70°C			

Note1: D0+/-, D1+/-, D2+/-, D3+/-, CLK+/-.

Note2: DPS, FRC, MSL.

Note3: If the product surface (polarizer) is exposed to an ultraviolet ray, the polarizer may discolor (Surface treatment may be damaged.). Use a filter to protect the polarizer from the ultraviolet ray.

Note4: Forward current



Operating temperature (rear surface)Ta [°C]



Note5: Measured at center of LCD panel surface (including self-heat)

Note6: Measured at center of LCD module's rear shield surface (including self-heat)

Note7: No condensation

Note8: Water amount at Ta= 70°C and RH= 36%

4.3 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

4.3.1 LCD panel signal processing board

 $(Ta=25^{\circ}C)$

Parameter		Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
Power supply voltage	;	VCC	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	-
Power supply current		ICC	-	410 Note1	660 Note2	mA	at VCC= 3.3V
Permissible ripple volta	ge	VRP	-	-	100	mVp-p	for VCC
Differential input threshold voltage	High	VTH	-	-	+100	mV	at VCM= 1.2V
	Low	VTL	-100	-	-	mV	Note3
Terminating resistance	e	RT	-	100	-	Ω	-
Input voltage for	High	VFH	0.7VCC	-	VCC	V	CMOS level
DPS, FRC and MSL signals	Low	VFL	0	-	0.3VCC	V	CMOS level
Input current for	High	IFH	-	-	300	μΑ	
DPS, FRC and MSL signals	Low	IFL	-300	-	-	μΑ	-

Note1: Checkered flag pattern [by IEC 61747-6]

Note2: Pattern for maximum current

Note3: Common mode voltage for LVDS receiver



4.3.2 Backlight

(Ta= 25°C, Note1, Note2, Note3)

Parameter	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
Forward current	IL	-	15	18	mA	Note4
Forward Voltage	VL	-	27.9	31.5	V	at IL= 15mA / One circuit

Note1: Please drive with constant current.

Note2: The above specifications are for one LED circuit of the backlight.

Note3: The Luminance uniformity may be changed depending on the current variation between 6 circuits. It is recommended that the current value difference among the circuits to be less than 5%

Note4: See "4.2 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS Note4".

4.3.3 Power supply voltage ripple

This product works even if the ripple voltage levels are over the permissible values as the following table, but there might be noise on the display image.

Power sup	ply voltage	Ripple voltage Note1 (Measure at input terminal of power supply)	Unit
VCC	3.3V	≤ 100	mVp-p

Note1: The permissible ripple voltage includes spike noise.

4.3.4 Fuse

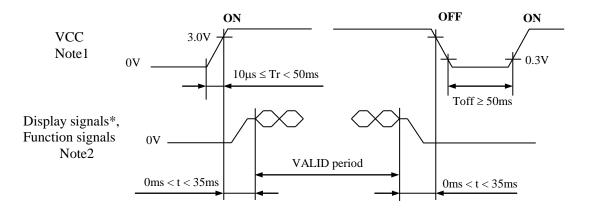
Parameter		Fuse	Rating	Fusing current	Remarks	
Tarameter	Type	Supplier	Kating	rusing current	Kemarks	
VCC	FCC16162AB	KAMAYA ELECTRIC	1.6A	3.2A	NI-4-1	
VCC	FCC10102AB	CO., LTD.	36V	3.2A	Note1	

Note1: The power supply's rated current must be more than the fusing current. If it is less than the fusing current, the fuse may not blow in a short time, and then nasty smell, smoke and so on may occur.



4.4 POWER SUPPLY VOLTAGE SEQUENCE

4.4.1 LCD panel signal processing board



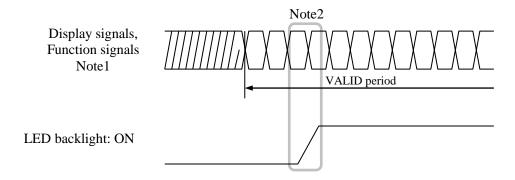
^{*} These signals should be measured at the terminal of 100Ω resistance.

Note1: If there is a voltage variation (voltage drop) at the rising edge is below 3.0V, there is a possibility that a product does not work due to a protection circuit.

Note2: Display signals (D0+/-, D1+/-, D2+/-, D3+/-, CLK+/-) and function signals (DPS, FRC, MSL) must be set to Low or High-impedance, except the VALID period (See above sequence diagram), in order to avoid the circuitry damage.

If some of display and function signals of this product are cut while this product is working, even if the signal input to it once again, it might not work normally. If a customer stops the display and function signals, VCC also must be shut down.

4.4.2 LED driver



Note1: These are the display and function signals for LCD panel signal processing board.

Note2: The backlight should be turned on within the valid period of display and function signals, in order to avoid unstable data display.



4.5 CONNECTIONS AND FUNCTIONS FOR INTERFACE PINS

4.5.1 LCD panel signal processing board

CN1 socket (LCD module side): FI-SE20P-HFE (Japan Aviation Electronics Industry Limited (JAE))
Adaptable plug: FI-S20S (Japan Aviation Electronics Industry Limited (JAE))

				,							
Pin No.	Symbol	Signal	8-	bit	6-bit	Remarks					
			MAP A	MAP B	o on						
1	D3+ or GND	Pixel data or Ground	R0-R1, G0-G1, B0-B1	R6-R7, G6-G7, B6-B7	Ground	Note1 Note3					
2	D3- or GND	Pixel data or Ground				Note4					
3	DPS	Selection of scan direction	High: R Low or Open: N		Note2						
4	FRC	Selection of the number of colors	Hi	Note1 Note5							
5	GND	Ground		Ground							
6	CLK+	Pixel clock			Note3						
7	CLK-	1 IACI CIOCK			Notes						
8	GND	Ground		Ground							
9	D2+	Pixel data	B4-B7, DE	DE	Note3						
10	D2-	Fixel data	D4-D7, DE	DE	Notes						
11	GND	Ground		Ground		Note4					
12	D1+	Pixel data	G3-G7, B2-B3	G1-G5, E	2∩_R1	Note3					
13	D1-	Tixei data	G3-G7, B2-B3	G1-G5, E	Ю-D1	140103					
14	GND	Ground		Ground		Note4					
15	D0+	Pixel data	R2-R7, G2	R0-R5,	GO	Note3					
16	D0-	1 IACI Gata	K2-K/, U2	KU-KJ,		140163					
17	GND	Ground		Ground		Note4					
18	MSL	Selection of LVDS input map	Low or Open	Low or Open	Note5						
19	VCC	Power supply		Power supply		Note4					
20	VCC	1 Ower suppry	Power supply								

Note1: See "4.6 DISPLAY COLORS AND INPUT DATA SIGNALS".

Note2: See "4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS".

Note3: Twist pair wires with 100Ω (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.

Note4: All GND and VCC terminals should be used without any non-connected lines.

Note5: See "4.5.4 Connection between receiver and transmitter for LVDS".

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4.5.2 Backlight

CN2 socket (LCD module side): DF14A-15P-1.25H(56) or DF14A-15P-1.25H (52)

(Hirose Electric Co., Ltd.(HRS))

Adaptable plug: DF14-15S-1.25C (Hirose Electric Co., Ltd.(HRS))

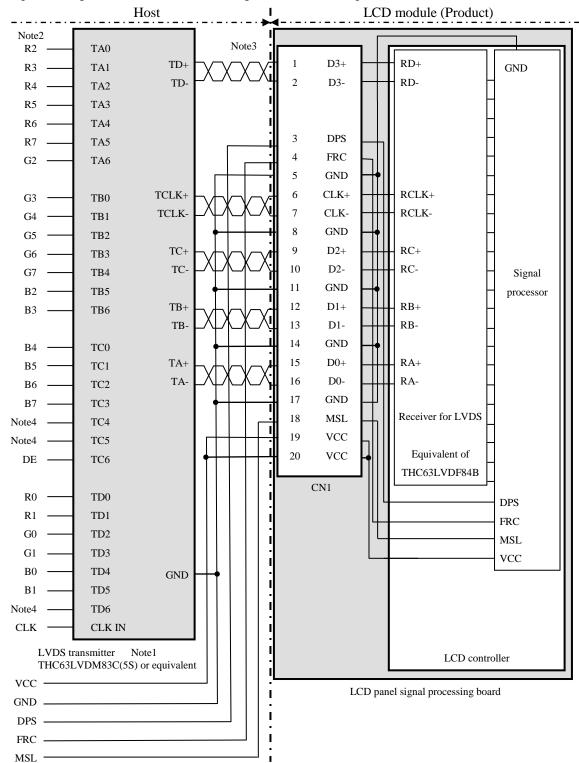
Pin No.	Symbol	Signal	Remarks
1	A1	Anode1	-
2	K1	Cathode1	-
3	A2	Anode2	-
4	K2	Cathode2	-
5	A3	Anode3	-
6	K3	Cathode3	-
7	A4	Anode4	-
8	K4	Cathode4	-
9	A5	Anode5	-
10	K5	Cathode5	-
11	A6	Anode6	-
12	K6	Cathode6	-
13	N. C.	-	Keep this pin Open.
14	N. C.	-	Keep this pin Open.
15	N. C.	-	Keep this pin Open.

4.5.3 Positions of socket

Insert direction 15 CN2 CN1 Insert direction 20



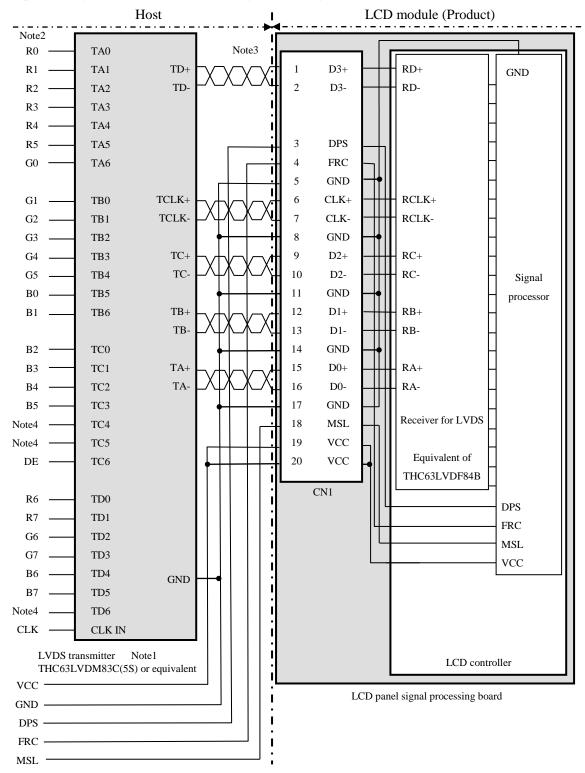
- 4.5.4 Connection between receiver and transmitter for LVDS
- (1) Input data signal: 8-bit, MAP A (FRC: High, MSL: Low or Open)



- Note1: Recommended transmitter: THC63LVDM83C(5S) (THine Electronics Inc.) or equivalent
- Note2: LSB (Least Significant Bit) R0, G0, B0 MSB (Most Significant Bit) R7, G7, B7
- Note3: Twist pair wires with 100Ω (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.
- Note4: Input signals to TC4, TC5 and TD6 are not used inside the product, but do not keep them open to avoid noise problem.







Note1: Recommended transmitter: THC63LVDM83C(5S) (THine Electronics Inc.) or equivalent

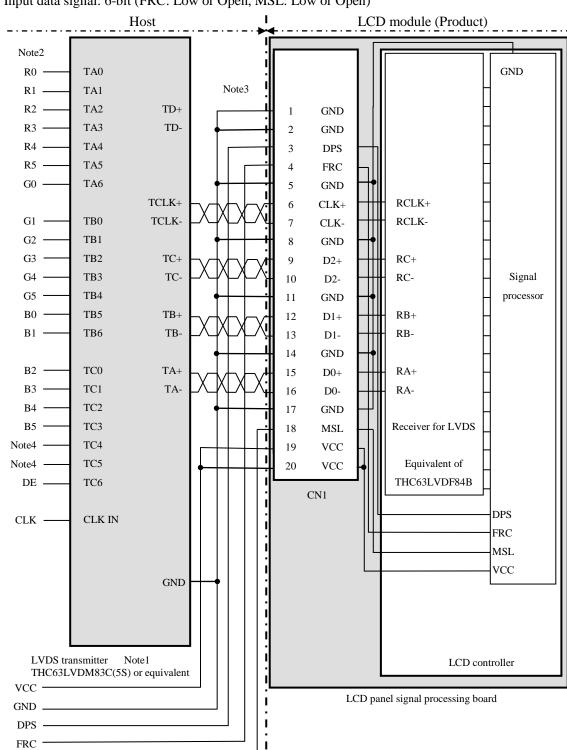
Note2: LSB (Least Significant Bit) - R0, G0, B0 MSB (Most Significant Bit) - R7, G7, B7

Note3: Twist pair wires with 100Ω (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.

Note4: Input signals to TC4, TC5 and TD6 are not used inside the product, but do not keep them open to avoid noise problem.



MSL -



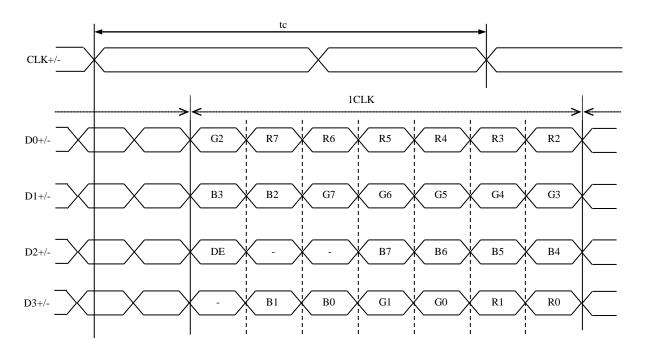
(3) Input data signal: 6-bit (FRC: Low or Open, MSL: Low or Open)

- Note1: Recommended transmitter: THC63LVDM83C(5S) (THine Electronics Inc.) or equivalent
- Note2: LSB (Least Significant Bit) R0, G0, B0 MSB (Most Significant Bit) R5, G5, B5
- Note3: Twist pair wires with 100Ω (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.
- Note4: Input signals to TC4 and TC5 are not used inside the product, but do not keep them open to avoid noise problem.

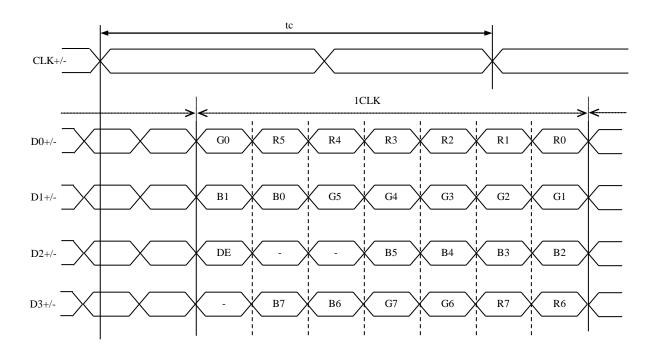


4.5.5 Input data mapping

(1) Input data signal: 8-bit, MAP A

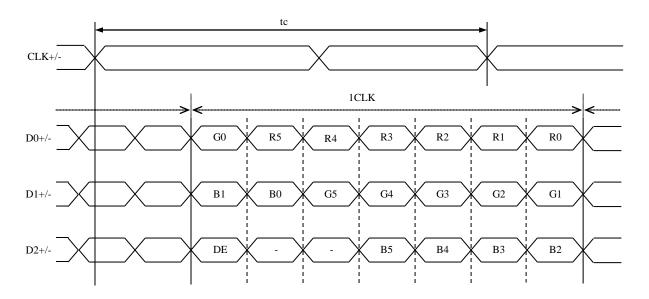


(2) Input data signal: 8-bit, MAP B





(3) Input data signal: 6-bit



4.6 DISPLAY COLORS AND INPUT DATA SIGNALS

4.6.1 Combinations of input data signals, FRC and MSL signals

This product can display equivalent of 16,777,216 colors and 262,144 colors by combination of input data signals, FRC and MSL signals. See following table.

Combination	Input data signals	Input data mapping	CN1- Pin No.1 and 2	FRC terminal	MSL terminal	Display colors	Remarks	
1)	8-bit	Map A	D3+/-	High	Low or Open	16,777,216	Note1	
2	8-bit	Map B	D3+/-	High	High	16,777,216	Note1	
3	6-bit	-	GND	Low or Open	Low or Open	262,144	Note2	

Note1: See "**4.6.2 16,777,216 colors**". Note2: See "**4.6.3 262,144 colors**".



4.6.2 16,777,216 colors

This product can display equivalent of 16,777,216 colors with 256 gray scales by combination ① or ②. (See "**4.6.1 Combinations of input data signals, FRC and MSL signals**".)

Also the relation between display colors and input data signals is as follows.

Dienla	y colors									ta signal (0: Low level, 1: High level) G7 G6 G5 G4 G3 G2 G1 G0 B7 B6 B5 B4 B3 B2 B1 B0															
Dispia	ly colors	R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	В7	B6	B5	B4	В3	B2	В1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
lors	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic Colors	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
sic	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ва	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
e e		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
scal	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ay a	↑					:							:	:								:			
Red gray scale	\downarrow				:	:							:	:								:			
Rec	bright	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ale		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
sc /	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
gray	↑					:								:								:			
Green gray scale	\downarrow					:				_				:								:			
Gre	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	C	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
rle		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
scs	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Blue gray scale	ray												:												
Je g	↓	_	0	Λ	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	1	1	1	1	. 1	1	Λ	1
Blı	bright	$\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1 0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Diuc	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1



4.6.3 262,144 colors

This product can display 262,144 colors with 64 gray scales by combination ③. (See "**4.6.1 Combinations of input data signals, FRC and MSL signals**".) Also the relation between display colors and input data signals is as follows.

Display colors													ligh le						
Dispiay	COIOIS	R5	R4	R3	R 2	R 1	R0	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	В5	B4	В3	B 2	B 1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
ors	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic colors	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
sic	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ba	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
d)		0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
cal	dark	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Red gray scale	↑			:	:						:						:		
gra	\downarrow			:	:						:						:		
Red	bright	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
lle		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
sca	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ray	↑			:	:						:								
Green gray scale	\downarrow			:	:						:								
iree	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
		0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
e e		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
scal	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
ay s	↑			:	:						:								
Blue gray scale	\downarrow			:	:						:						:		
3luc	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1



4.7 DISPLAY POSITIONS

The following table is the coordinates per pixel (See "4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS".).

C (0, 0)	<u>.</u>					
R G	В					
1						
$\left(\begin{array}{cc} C(&0,&0) \end{array}\right)$	C(1, 0)		C(X, 0)		C(1022, 0)	C(1023, 0)
C(-0, 1)	C(1, 1)		C(X, 1)		C(1022, 1)	C(1023, 1)
	•	•	•	•	•	
	•		•			
	•	•	•	•	•	
C(0, Y)	C(1, Y)		C(X, Y)		C(1022, Y)	C(1023, Y)
	•	•	•	•	•	
	•		•			
	•	•	•	•	•	
C(0, 766)	C(1, 766)		C(X, 766)		C(1022, 766)	C(1023, 766)
C(0, 767)	C(1, 767)		C(X, 767)		C(1022, 767)	C(1023, 767)

4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS

The following figures are seen from a front view. Also the arrow shows the direction of scan.

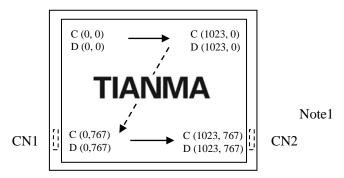


Figure 1. Normal scan (DPS: Low or Open)

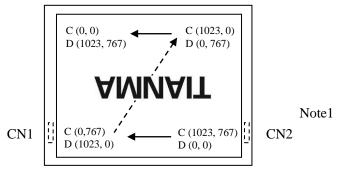


Figure 2. Reverse scan (DPS: High)

Note1: Meaning of C (X, Y) and D (X, Y)

C (X, Y): The coordinates of the display position (See "4.7 DISPLAY POSITIONS".)

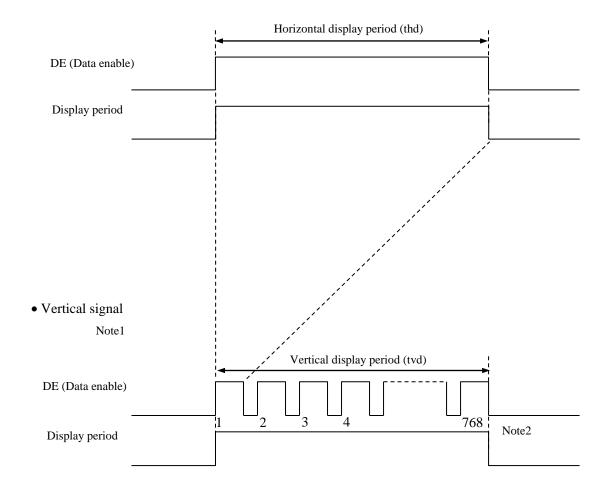
D (X, Y): The data number of input signal for LCD panel signal processing board



4.9 INPUT SIGNAL TIMINGS

4.9.1 Outline of input signal timings

• Horizontal signal Note1



Note1: This diagram indicates virtual signal for set up to timing.

Note2: See "**4.9.3 Input signal timing chart**" for numeration of pulse.



4.9.2 Timing characteristics

(Note1, Note2, Note3)

	Parameter			min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
Freque		quency	1/tc	60.0	65.0	68.0	MHz	15.385ns (typ.)
CLK	Dut	ty ratio	-				-	
	Rise tim	-		-		ns	-	
	CLK-DATA	Setup time	-				ns	
DATA	CLK-DATA	Hold time	-				ns	-
	Rise tim	e, Fall time	-				ns	
	Horizontal	Cycle	th	19.67	20.676	22.4	μs	48.363kHz (typ.)
		Cycle	ui	-	1,344	-	CLK	48.303KHZ (typ.)
		Display period	thd		1,024		CLK	-
	**	Cycle	tv	13.3	16.666	18.5	ms	60.0Hz (typ.)
DE	Vertical (One frame)		tv	780	806	1	Н	00.011Z (typ.)
	(One nume)	Display period	tvd		768		Н	-
	CLK-DE	Setup time	-				ns	
	CLK-DE	Hold time	-	-			ns	-
Rise time, Fall time		e, Fall time	-				ns	

Note1: Definition of parameters is as follows. tc= 1CLK, th= 1H

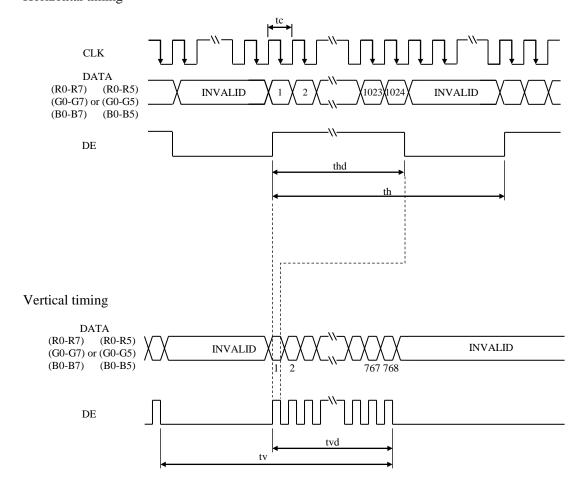
Note2: See the data sheet of LVDS transmitter.

Note3: Vertical cycle (tv) should be specified in integral multiple of Horizontal cycle (th).



4.9.3 Input signal timing chart

Horizontal timing





4.10 OPTICS

4.10.1 Optical characteristics

(Note1, Note2)

Parameter		Condition	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Measuring instrument	Remarks
Luminanc	e	White at center $\theta R = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta L = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta U = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta D = 0^{\circ}$	L	390	650	1	cd/m ²	BM-5A or equivalent	-
Contrast rat	tio	White/Black at center $\theta R = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta L = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta U = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta D = 0^{\circ}$	CR	300	500	1	ı	BM-5A or equivalent	Note3
Luminance unif	ormity	White $\theta R = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta L = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta U = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta D = 0^{\circ}$	LU	-	1.25	1.4	ı	BM-5A or equivalent	Note4
	3371-14-	x coordinate	Wx	0.263	0.313	0.363	-		
	White	y coordinate	Wy	0.279	0.329	0.379	-		
	Red	x coordinate	Rx	-	0.568	-	-		
C1		y coordinate	Ry	-	0.366	-	-	SR-3 or equivalent	
Chromaticity	Green	x coordinate	Gx	-	0.348	-	-		N 5
		y coordinate	Gy	-	0.518	-	-		Note5
	DI	x coordinate	Bx	-	0.152	-	-		
	Blue	y coordinate	By	-	0.142	-	-		
Color gam	ut	θ R= 0°, θ L= 0°, θ U= 0°, θ D= 0° at center, against NTSC color space	С	33	36	1	%		
D 4		White to Black	Ton	-	6	8	ms	BM-5A or	Note6
Response ti	me	Black to White	Toff	-	19	26	ms	equivalent	Note7
	Right	θ U= 0°, θ D= 0°, CR \geq 10	θR	70	80	-	0		
Viewing angle	Left	θ U= 0°, θ D= 0°, CR \geq 10	θL	70	80	-	0	F7.0	N O
Viewing angle	Up	$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \ \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \ CR \ge 10$	θU	70	80	-	0	EZ Contrast	Note8
	Down	$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \ \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \ CR \ge 10$	θD	50	60	-	0		

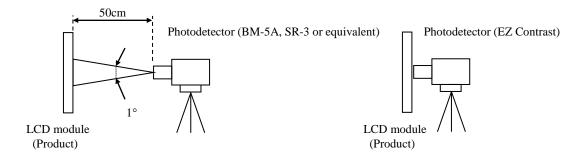
Note1: These are initial characteristics.

Note2: Measurement conditions are as follows.

Ta= 25°C, VCC= 3.3V, IL= 15mA/One circuit, Display mode: XGA,

Horizontal cycle= 1/48.363kHz, Vertical cycle = 1/60.0Hz, DPS= Low or Open: Normal scan

Optical characteristics are measured at luminance saturation 20minutes after the product works in the dark room. Also measurement methods are as follows.



Note3: See "4.10.2 Definition of contrast ratio".

Note4: See "4.10.3 Definition of luminance uniformity".

Note5: These coordinates are found on CIE 1931 chromaticity diagram.

Note6: Product surface temperature: TopF= 28°C

Note7: See "4.10.4 Definition of response times".

Note8: See "4.10.5 Definition of viewing angles".



4.10.2 Definition of contrast ratio

The contrast ratio is calculated by using the following formula.

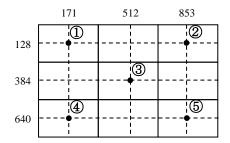
Contrast ratio (CR) =
$$\frac{\text{Luminance of white screen}}{\text{Luminance of black screen}}$$

4.10.3 Definition of luminance uniformity

The luminance uniformity is calculated by using following formula.

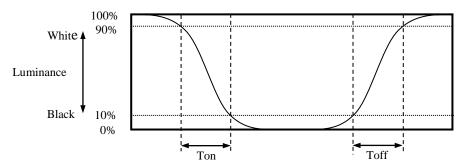
Luminance uniformity (LU) =
$$\frac{\text{Maximum luminance from } \textcircled{1} \text{ to } \textcircled{5}}{\text{Minimum luminance from } \textcircled{1} \text{ to } \textcircled{5}}$$

The luminance is measured at near the 5 points shown below.

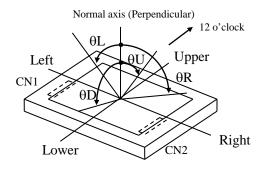


4.10.4 Definition of response times

Response time is measured at the time when the luminance changes from "white" to "black", or "black" to "white" on the same screen point, by photo-detector. Ton is the time when the luminance changes from 90% down to 10%. Also Toff is the time when the luminance changes from 10% up to 90% (See the following diagram.).



4.10.5 Definition of viewing angles





5. ESTIMATED LUMINANCE LIFETIME

The luminance lifetime is the time from initial luminance to half-luminance.

This lifetime is the estimated value, and is not guarantee value.

	Estimated luminance lifetime (Life time expectancy) Note1, Note2, Note3	Unit	
LED elementary substance	25°C (Ambient temperature of the product) Continuous operation, IL= 15mA/One circuit	16,000	h

Note1: Life time expectancy is mean time to half-luminance.

Note2: Estimated luminance lifetime is not the value for LCD module but the value for LED elementary substance.

Note3: By ambient temperature, the lifetime changes particularly. Especially, in case the product works under high temperature environment, the lifetime becomes short.

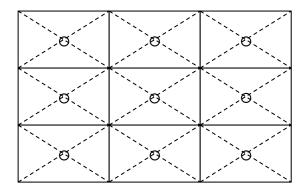


6. RELIABILITY TESTS

Test item	Condition	Judgment Note1	
High temperature and humidity (Operation)	 60 ± 2°C, RH= 90%, 240hours Display data is black. 		
High temperature (Operation)	 70 ± 3°C, 240hours Display data is black. 		
Heat cycle (Operation)	 -20 ± 3°C1hour 70 ± 3°C1hour 50cycles, 4 hours/cycle Display data is black. 		
Thermal shock (Non operation)	 -30 ± 3°C30minutes 80 ± 3°C30minutes 100cycles, 1hour/cycle Temperature transition time is within 5 minutes. 	No display malfunctions	
ESD (Operation)	 150pF, 150Ω, ±10kV 9 places on a panel surface Note2 10 times each place at 1 sec interval 		
Dust (Operation)	 Sample dust: No. 15 (by JIS-Z8901) 15 seconds stir 8 times repeat at 1 hour interval 		
Vibration (Non operation)	 5 to 100Hz, 19.6m/s² 1 minute/cycle X, Y, Z directions 120 times each direction 	No display malfunctions No physical damages	
Mechanical shock (Non operation)	 539m/ s², 11ms ±X, ±Y, ±Z directions 5 times each direction 	. ,	

Note1: Display and appearance are checked under environmental conditions equivalent to the inspection conditions of defect criteria.

Note2: See the following figure for discharge points.





7. PRECAUTIONS

7.1 MEANING OF CAUTION SIGNS

The following caution signs have very important meaning. **Be sure to read "7.2 CAUTIONS" and "7.3 ATTENTIONS"!**



This sign has the meaning that a customer will be injured or the product will sustain damage if the customer practices wrong operations.



This sign has the meaning that a customer will be injured if the customer practices wrong operations.

7.2 CAUTIONS



* Do not shock and press the LCD panel and the backlight! There is a danger of breaking, because they are made of glass. (Shock: Equal to or no greater than 539m/s^2 and equal to or no greater than 11 ms, Pressure: Equal to or no greater than 19.6 N ($\phi 16 \text{mm jig}$))

7.3 ATTENTIONS



7.3.1 Handling of the product

- ① Take hold of both ends without touching the circuit board when the product (LCD module) is picked up from inner packing box to avoid broken down or misadjustment, because of stress to mounting parts on the circuit board.
- ② When the product is put on the table temporarily, display surface must be placed downward.
- ③ When handling the product, take the measures of electrostatic discharge with such as earth band, ionic shower and so on, because the product may be damaged by electrostatic.
- ⓐ The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed $0.147N \cdot m$. Higher torque might result in distortion of the bezel. And the length of product mounting screws must be ≤ 2.0mm.
- ⑤ The product must be installed using mounting holes without undue stress such as bends or twist (See outline drawings). And do not add undue stress to any portion (such as bezel flat area). Bends or twist described above and undue stress to any portion may cause display mura.
- ⑥ Do not press or rub on the sensitive product surface. When cleaning the product surface, wipe it with a soft dry cloth.
- ① Do not push or pull the interface connectors while the product is working.
- When handling the product, use of an original protection sheet on the product surface (polarizer) is recommended for protection of product surface. Adhesive type protection sheet may change color or characteristics of the polarizer.
- (9) Usually liquid crystals don't leak through the breakage of glasses because of the surface tension of thin layer and the construction of LCD panel. But, if you contact with liquid crystal by any chance, please wash it away with soap and water.



7.3.2 Environment

- ① Do not operate or store in high temperature, high humidity, dewdrop atmosphere or corrosive gases. Keep the product in packing box with antistatic pouch in room temperature to avoid dusts and sunlight, when storing the product.
- ② In order to prevent dew condensation occurred by temperature difference, the product packing box must be opened after enough time being left under the environment of an unpacking room. Evaluate the storage time sufficiently because dew condensation is affected by the environmental temperature and humidity. (Recommended leaving time: 6 hours or more with the original packing state after a customer receives the package)
- ③ Do not operate in high magnetic field. If not, circuit boards may be broken.
- ④ This product is not designed as radiation hardened.

7.3.3 Characteristics

The following items are neither defects nor failures.

- ① Characteristics of the LCD (such as response time, luminance, color uniformity and so on) may be changed depending on ambient temperature. If the product is stored under condition of low temperature for a long time, it may cause display mura. In this case, the product should be operated after enough time being left under condition of operating temperature.
- ② Display mura, flickering, vertical streams or tiny spots s may be observed depending on display patterns.
- ③ Do not display the fixed pattern for a long time because it may cause image sticking. Use a screen saver, if the fixed pattern is displayed on the screen.
- 4 The display color may be changed depending on viewing angle because of the use of condenser sheet in the backlight.
- ⑤ Optical characteristics may be changed depending on input signal timings.
- ⑥ The product gives AR (antireflection) coating of the polarizer surface. Though AR (antireflection) coating actualizes the low reflection with the multilayer structure, the color of reflection may differ between products and the color change of reflection may occur in the same product by fluctuation of AR (antireflection) coating.

7.3.4 Others

- ① All GND and VCC terminals should be used without any non-connected lines.
- ② Do not disassemble a product or adjust variable resistors.
- ③ See "REPLACEMENT MANUAL FOR LAMP HOLDER SET", when replacing lamp holder set.
- 4 Pack the product with the original shipping package, in order to avoid any damages during transportation, when returning the product to TMJ for repairing and so on.
- (5) The information of China RoHS (II) six hazardous substances or elements in this product is as follows.

China RoHS (II) six hazardous substances or elements								
Lead (Pb)	Mercury (Hg)	Cadmium (Cd)	Hexavalent Chromium (Cr VI)	Polybrominated Biphenys (PBB)	Polybrominated Biphenyl Ethers (PBDE)			
×	0	0	0	0	0			

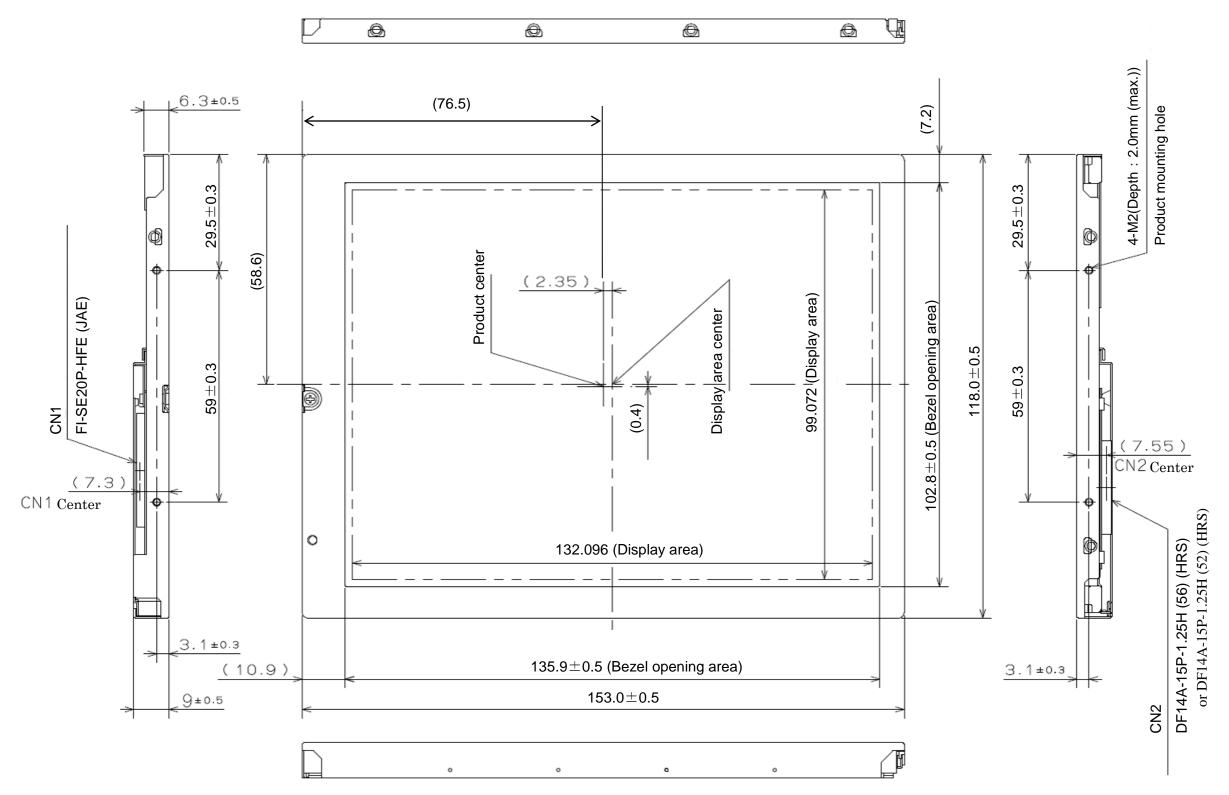
Note1: O: This indicates that the poisonous or harmful material in all the homogeneous materials for this part is equal or below the limitation level of GB/T26572-2011 standard regulation.

X: This indicates that the poisonous or harmful material in all the homogeneous materials for this part is above the limitation level of GB/T26572-2011 standard regulation.



8. OUTLINE DRAWINGS

8.1 FRONT VIEW

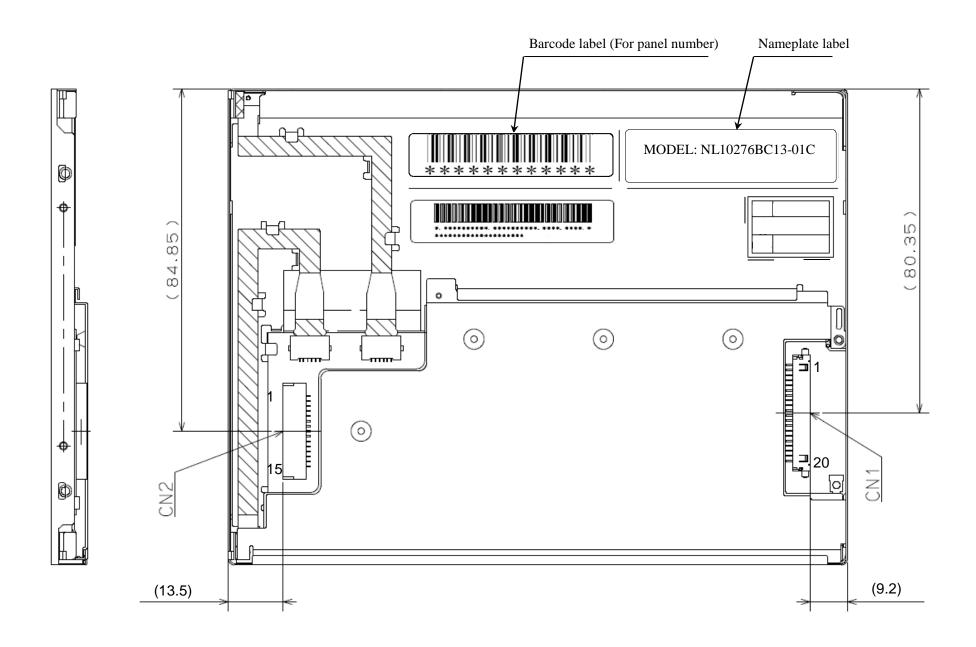


Note1: The values in parentheses are for reference.

Note2: The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed $0.147 \text{N} \cdot \text{m}$. And the length of product mounting screws must be $\leq 2.0 \text{mm}$.

Unit: mm

8.2 REAR VIEW



Note1: The values in parentheses are for reference.

Note2: The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed $0.147 \text{N} \cdot \text{m}$. And the length of product mounting screws must be $\leq 2.0 \text{mm}$.

Unit: mm



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