

















# Datasheet

## InnoLux

G121ACE-LH2

CH-01-073

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Tentative Specification
Preliminary Specification
Approval Specification

# MODEL NO.: G121ACE SUFFIX: LH2

Customer:	
APPROVED BY	SIGNATURE
<u>Name / Title</u> Note	
Please return 1 copy for yo signature and comments.	our confirmation with your

Approved By	Checked By	Prepared By
林秋森	吳承旻	許秝茵

2 May 2023

## PRODUCT SPECIFICATION



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### PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

### **REVISION HISTORY**

Version	Date	Page	Description
2.0	27 Apr 2023	All	Spec Ver.2.0 was first issued.



### PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

#### **1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

#### **1.1 OVERVIEW**

G121ACE-LH2 is a 12.1" TFT Liquid Crystal Display IAV module with LED Backlight units and 30 pins LVDS interface. This module supports 800 x 600 SVGA mode and can display 262K/16.7M colors.

The PSWG is to establish a set of displays with standard mechanical dimensions and select electrical interface requirements for an industry standard 12.1" SVGA LCD panel and the LED driving device for Backlight is built in PCBA.

#### **1.2 FEATURE**

- SVGA (800 x 600 pixels) resolution
- DE (Data Enable) only mode
- LVDS Interface with 1pixel/clock
- PSWG (Panel Standardization Working Group)
- Wide operating temperature.
- RoHS compliance

#### **1.3 APPLICATION**

- -TFT LCD Monitor
- Factory Application
- Amusement

#### 1.4 GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Specification	Unit	Note
Active Area	246(H)*184.5(V)	mm	(1)
Driver Element	a-Si TFT active matrix	-	-
Pixel Number	800x R.G.B x 600	pixel	-
Pixel Pitch	0.3075(H)*0.3075(V)	mm	-
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical Stripe	-	-
Display Colors	262K/16.7M	color	-
Display Mode	Normally Black	-	-
Surface Treatment	AG type, 3H hard coating	-	-
Module Power Consumption	10.04	W	Тур.



#### **1.5 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

Item		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
	Horizontal(H)	260.0	260.5	261.0	mm	
Module Size	Vertical(V)	203.5	204.0	204.5	mm	(1)
	Depth(D)	7.9	8.4	8.9	mm	
	Horizontal	248.7	249	249.3	mm	-
Bezel Area	Vertical	187.2	187.5	187.8	mm	
	Horizontal	-	246	-	mm	
Active Area	Vertical	-	184.5	-	mm	
Weight		-	470	490	g	

Note(1)Please refer to the attached drawings for more information of front and back outline dimensions.





#### 2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

#### 2.1 ABSOLUTE RATINGS OF ENVIRONMENT

ltom	Sumbol	Va	lue	Lloit	Note	
Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit		
Operating Ambient Temperature	T <sub>OP</sub>	-30	+85	°C	(1)(2)	
Storage Temperature	T <sub>ST</sub>	-30	+85	°C	(1)(2)	

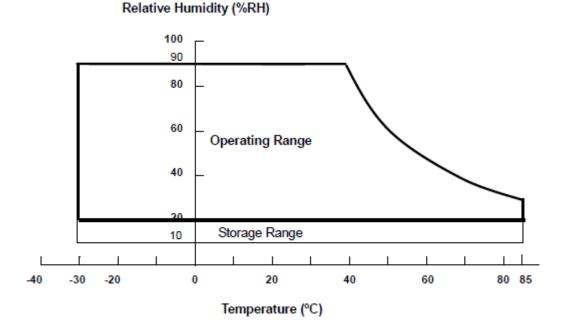
Note(1)

(a) 90 %RH Max.

(b) Wet-bulb temperature should be 39 °C Max.

(c) No condensation.

Note(2) Panel surface temperature should be 0°C min. and 80°C max under Vcc=5.0V, fr =60Hz, typical LED string current, 25°C ambient temperature, and no humidity control. Any condition of ambient operating temperature, the surface of active area should be keeping not higher than 85°C.





#### 2.2 ELECTRICAL ABSOLUTE RATINGS

#### 2.2.1 TFT LCD MODULE

ltom	Symbol	Value		Linit	Nete	
Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Note	
Power Supply Voltage	VCC	-0.3	6	V	(1)	
Logic Input Voltage	Vin	-0.3	3.6	V	(1)	

#### 2.2.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT

ltom	Symbol	Va	lue	Unit	Note	
Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit		
Converter Voltage	Vi	-0.3	18	V	(1) , (2)	
Enable Voltage	EN		5.5	V		
Backlight Adjust	Dimming		5.5	V		

Note(1) Permanent damage to the device may occur if maximum values are exceeded. Function operation should be restricted to the conditions described under Normal Operating Conditions.

Note(2) Specified values are for LED (Refer to 3.2 for further information).



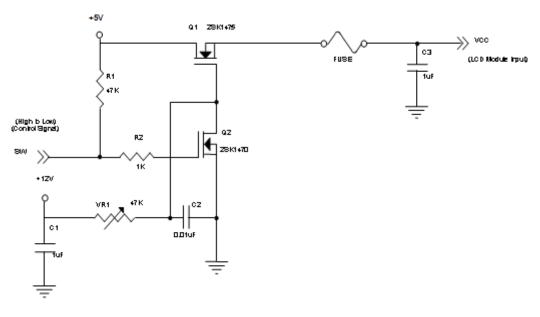
#### **3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

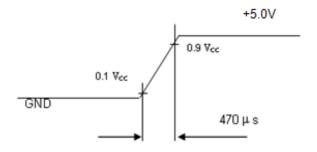
#### 3.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Parameter	Sumbol		Value	Unit	Note		
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	note	
Power Supply Vo	Itage	V <sub>cc</sub>	4.75	5.0	5.25	V	-
Ripple Voltag	e	V <sub>RP</sub>	-	-	300	mVp-p	
Inrush Current		I <sub>INRUSH</sub>	-	-	1.5	А	(2)
Bower Supply Current	White	lcc	-	87.96	105.64	mA	(3)a
Power Supply Current	Black		-	87.88	105.5	mA	(3)b
LVDS differential inpu	it voltage	V <sub>id</sub>	200		600	mV	
LVDS common input	voltage	V <sub>ic</sub>	1	1.2	1.4	V	
Differential Input Voltage for	"H" Level	V <sub>IH</sub>	-	-	100	mV	-
LVDS Receiver Threshold	"L" Level	V <sub>IL</sub>	-100	-	-	mV	-
Terminating Res	istor	R <sub>T</sub>	-	100	-	Ohm	-

Note(1)The module should be always operated within above ranges.

Note(2)Measurement Conditions:







Note(3) The specified power supply current is under the conditions at VCC =5V, Ta =  $25 \pm 2$  °C, DC Current and fv = 60 Hz, whereas a power dissipation check pattern below is displayed.

a. White Pattern



Active Area

b. Black Pattern



Active Area

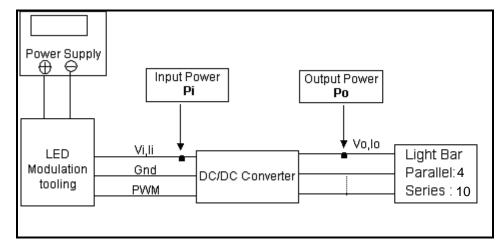


 $T_2 = 25 + 2$  °C

#### 3.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT

_							$1a = 25 \pm 2$ °C
Param	otor	Symbol		Value		Unit	Note
Falali	letel	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	NOLE
Converter In	put Voltage	Vi	10.8	12.0	13.2	$V_{DC}$	(Duty 100%)
Converter Input	Ripple Voltage	V <sub>iRP</sub>	-	-	500	mV	
Converter In	put Current	li	0.6	0.8	1.0	A <sub>DC</sub>	@ Vi = 12V (Duty 100%)
Converter Inr	ush Current	I <sub>irush</sub>	-	-	5.0	A	@ Vi rising time=10ms (Vi=12V)
Input Power C	Consumption	Pi	-	9.6		W	(1)
EN Control Level	Backlight on	ENLED	2.0	3.3	5.0	V	
	Backlight off	(BLON)	0	-	0.3	V	
PWM Control Level	PWM High Level	Dimming	2.0	-	5.0	V	
	PWM Low Level	(E_PWM)	0	-	0.15	V	
PWN Nois	e Range	VNoise	-	-	0.1	V	
PWM Contro	I Frequency	f <sub>PWM</sub>	190	200	20k	Hz	(2)
	antrol Duty Patio		5	-	100	%	(2), @ 190Hz <f<sub>PWM&lt;1kHz</f<sub>
PWM Dimming Co		-	20	-	100	%	(2), @ 1kHz≦f <sub>PWM</sub> <20kHz
LED Life	e Time	L <sub>LED</sub>	(50,000)		-	Hrs	(3)

Note(1) LED current is measured by utilizing a high frequency current meter as shown below:

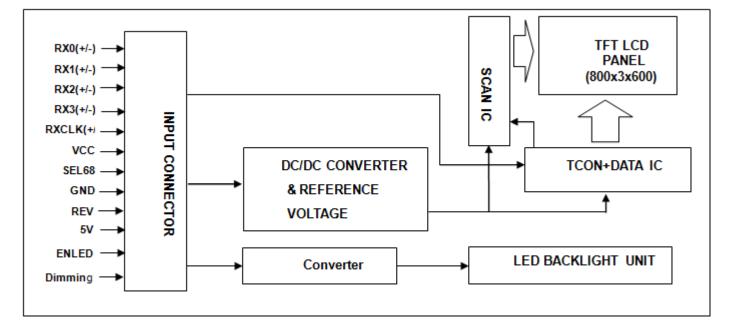


- Note(2) The lifetime of LED is estimated data and defined as the time when it continues to operate under the conditions at Ta = 25  $\pm$ 2 °C and Duty 100% until the brightness becomes  $\leq$  50% of its original value.Operating LED at high temperature condition will reduce life time and lead to color shift.
- Note(3) At 190 ~1kHz PWM control frequency, duty ratio range is restricted from 5% to 100%.1K ~20kHz PWM control frequency, duty ratio range is restricted from 20% to 100%.If PWM control frequency is applied in the range from 1KHz to 20KHZ, The "non-linear" phenomenon on the Backlight Unit may be found. So It's a suggestion that PWM control frequency should be less than 1KHz.



#### 4. BLOCK DIAGRAM

#### 4.1 TFT LCD MODULE





#### 5. INPUT TERMINAL PIN ASSIGNMENT

#### 5.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Pin No.	Symbol	Function	Note
1	VCC	Power supply	
2	VCC	Power supply	
3	REV	Reverse Scan Control,	Note (2).(3)
		Low or NC $\rightarrow$ Normal Mode.	
		High → Reverse Scan	
4	NC	No Connection	
5	NC	No Connection	
6	SEL6/8	LVDS 6/8 bit select function control,	Note (2).(3)
		Low or NC $\rightarrow$ 6 bit Input Mode	
		High → 8bit Input Mode	
7	NC	No Connection	
8	NC	No Connection	
9	NC	No Connection	
10	NC	No Connection	
11	NC	No Connection	
12	NC	No Connection	
13	NC	No Connection	
14	GND	Ground	
15	NC	No Connection	
16	NC	No Connection	
17	GND	Ground	
18	NC	No Connection	
19	NC	No Connection	
20	RX3+	Differential Data Input, CH3 (Positive)	
21	RX3-	Differential Data Input, CH3 (Negative)	
22	RXC+	Differential Clock Input (Positive)	
23	RXC-	Differential Clock Input (Negative)	
24	GND	Ground	
25	RX2+	Differential Data Input, CH2 (Positive)	
26	RX2-	Differential Data Input, CH2 (Negative )	
27	RX1+	Differential Data Input, CH1 (Positive)	
28	RX1-	Differential Data Input, CH1 (Negative )	
29	RX0+	Differential Data Input, CH0 (Positive)	
30	RX0-	Differential Data Input, CH0 (Negative )	

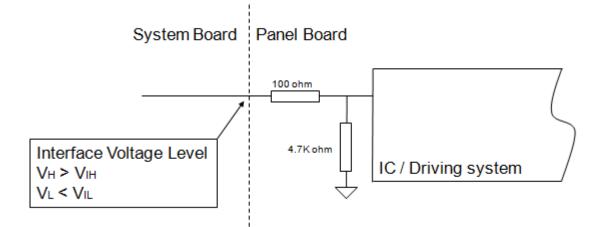
Note (1) Connector Part No.: STM MSAK24025P30MB(Exterior silver) or I-PEX 20455-030E-76(Exterior gold) or equivalent

Note (2) User's connector Part No.: I-PEX 20453-030T-03 or equivalent..

Note (3) "Low" stands for 0V. "High" stands for 3.3V. "NC" stands for "No Connection".

Note (4) Interface optional pin has internal scheme as following diagram, Customer should keep the interface voltage level requirement which including panel board loading as below.





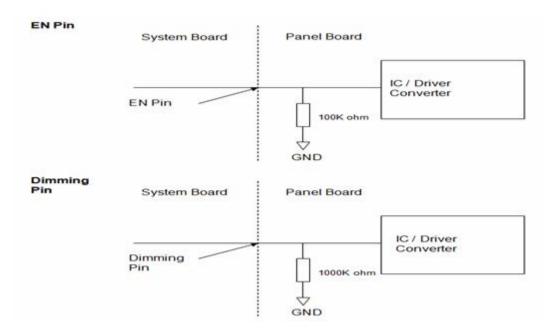


#### 5.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT(CONVERTER CONNECTOR PIN)

Pin	Symbol	Description	Remark
1	NC	Not Connect	
2	Dimming	Backlight Adjust	PWM Dimming (Hi: 3.3V <sub>DC</sub> , Lo: 0V <sub>DC</sub> )
3	EN	Enable pin	3.3V
4	V <sub>GND</sub>	Converter ground	Ground
5	Vi	Converter input voltage	12V

Note (1)Connector Part No.: Cvilux CI4205M2HRD-NH or AECS 50277-00501-002 or equivalent.

Note (2)User's connector Part No.: Cvilux CI4205SL000 or equivalent.





#### **5.3 COLOR DATA INPUT ASSIGNMENT**

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 6-bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher the binary input the brighter the color. The table below provides the assignment of color versus data input.

									Γ	)ata (	Signa	al							
	Color		Red Green B						Bl	ue									
		R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Colors	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Red(0)/Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(1)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	Red(2)	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Scale	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Red	Red(61)	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(62)	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(0)/Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	Green(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Scale	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Green	Green(61)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(0)/Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Gray	Blue(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Scale	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
Of	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:			:	
Blue	Blue(61)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1
	Blue(62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue(63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1

Note (1)0: Low Level Voltage, 1: High Level Voltage



The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8-bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher the binary input the brighter the color. The table below provides the assignment of color versus data input.

			Data Signal																						
	Color		Red Green					1			ue														
	[	R7	R6	R5		R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2		G0	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Colors	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Red(0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	Red(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Scale	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of		:	:	:	:	:	;	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Red	Red(253)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
nou	Red(254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(0)/Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	Green(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Scale	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Green	Green(253)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Gray	Blue(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Scale	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		:	:		:	;
Blue	Blue(253)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1
	Blue(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Note (1)0: Low Level Voltage, 1: High Level Voltage



#### 6. INTERFACE TIMING

#### 6.1 INPUT SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATIONS

The input signal timing specifications are shown as the following table and timing diagram.

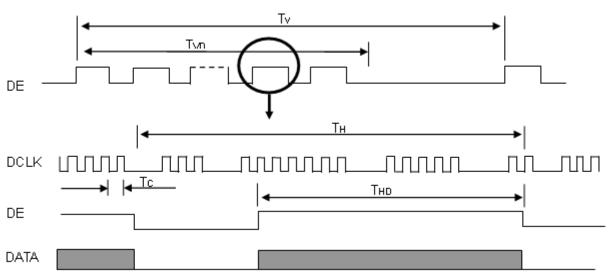
Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
	Frequency	Fr	34	40	48.3	MHz	-
	Period	T <sub>c</sub>	20.7	25	29	ns	
	Input Clock to data skew	TLVCCS	-	-	0.25	UI	(a)
LVDS Clock	Spread spectrum modulation range	F <sub>clkin_mod</sub>	-1.5		1.5	MHz	(b)
	Spread spectrum modulation frequency	F <sub>SSM</sub>	25		90	KHz	(b)
	Frame Rate	Fr	60	60	60	Hz	$Tv=T_{vd}+T_{vb}$
Vertical Display	Total	T <sub>v</sub>	610	628	792	T <sub>h</sub>	-
Term	Active Display	$T_{vd}$	600	600	600	T <sub>h</sub>	-
	Blank	T <sub>vb</sub>	10	28	192	T <sub>h</sub>	-
	Total	T <sub>h</sub>	960	1056	1060	T <sub>c</sub>	$T_h = T_{hd} + T_{hb}$
Horizontal Display Term	Active Display	T <sub>hd</sub>	800	800	800	T <sub>c</sub>	-
10mm	Blank	T <sub>hb</sub>	160	256	260	T <sub>c</sub>	-

Note (1) Because this module is operated by DE only mode, Hsync and Vsync input signals should be set to

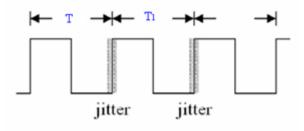
low logic level or ground. Otherwise, this module would operate abnormally.

Note (2) The Tv(Tvd+Tvb) must be integer, otherwise, the module would operate abnormally.

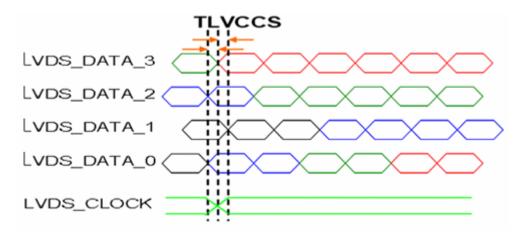
#### **INPUT SIGNAL TIMING DIAGRAM**



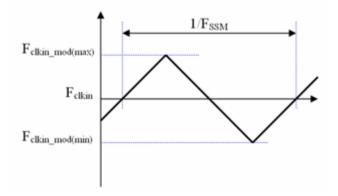




Note(a) Input Clock to data skew is defined as below figures.



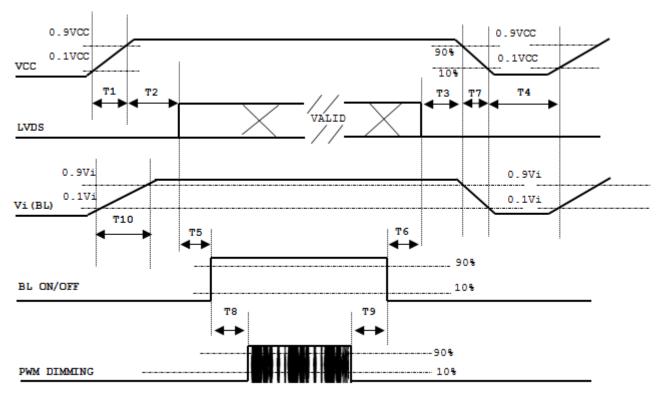
Note(b) The SSCG (Spread spectrum clock generator) is defined as below figures.





#### 6.2 POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE

To prevent a latch-up or DC operation of LCD assembly, the power on/off sequence should be as the diagram below.



Parameter		Value		Units
Falameter	Min	Тур	Max	Units
T1	0.5	-	10	ms
T2	0	-	50	ms
Т3	0	-	50	ms
T4	500	-	-	ms
T5	450	-	-	ms
Т6	200	-	-	ms
Τ7	10	-	100	ms
Т8	10	-	-	ms
Т9	10	-	-	ms
T10	20	-	50	ms

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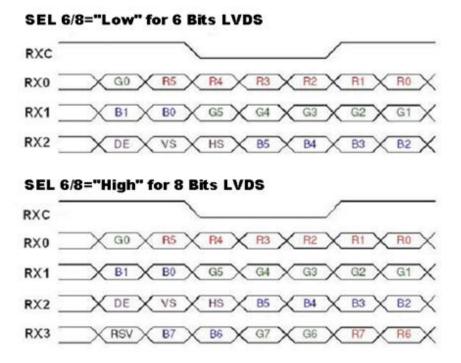
### PRODUCT SPECIFICATION



- Note(1) The supply voltage of the external system for the module input should be the same as the definition of Vcc.
- Note(2) When the backlight turns on before the LCD operation of the LCD turns off, the display may momentarily become abnormal screen.
- Note(3) In case of VCC = off level, please keep the level of input signals on the low or keep a high impedance.
- Note(4) T4 should be measured after the module has been fully discharged between power off and on period.
- Note(5) Interface signal shall not be kept at high impedance when the power is on.
- Note(6) INX won't take any responsibility for the products which are damaged by the customers not following the Power Sequence.
- Note(7) There might be slight electronic noise when LCD is turned off (even backlight unit is also off). To avoid this symptom, we suggest "Vcc falling timing" to follow "T7 spec".



#### 6.3 The INPUT DATA FORMAT



Note(1) R/G/B data 7: MSB, R/G/B data 0: LSB

Note(2) Please follow PSWG

Signal Name	Description	Remark
R7	Red Data 7 (MSB)	Red-pixel Data
R6	Red Data 6	Each red pixel's brightness data consists of these
R5	Red Data 5	8 bits pixel data.
R4	Red Data 4	
R3	Red Data 3	
R2	Red Data 2	
R1	Red Data 1	
R0	Red Data 0 (LSB)	
G7	Green Data 7 (MSB)	Green-pixel Data
G6	GreenData 6	Each green pixel's brightness data consists of these
G5	GreenData 5	8 bits pixel data.
G4	GreenData 4	
G3	GreenData 3	
G2	GreenData 2	
G1	GreenData 1	
G0	GreenData 0 (LSB)	
B7	Blue Data 7 (MSB)	Blue-pixel Data
B6	Blue Data 6	Each blue pixel's brightness data consists of these
B5	Blue Data 5	8 bits pixel data.
B4	Blue Data 4	
B3	Blue Data 3	
B2	Blue Data 2	
B1	Blue Data 1	
B0	Blue Data 0 (LSB)	
RXCLKIN+	LVDS Clock Input	
RXCLKIN-		
DE	Display Enable	
VS	Vertical Sync	
HS	Horizontal Sync	

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#### **6.4 SCANNING DIRECTION**

The following figures show the image see from the front view. The arrow indicates the direction of scan.

Fig.1 Normal Scan



PCBA on the TOP side

- Fig. 1 Normal scan ( pin 3, REV = Low or NC )
- Fig. 2 Reverse scan (pin 3, REV = High )

Fig.2 Reverse Scan



PCBA on the TOP side



#### 7. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

#### 7.1 TEST CONDITIONS

Item	Symbol	Value	Unit
Ambient Temperature	Та	25±2	oC
Ambient Humidity	Ha	50±10	%RH
Supply Voltage		g to typical value and tole	
Input Signal	"ELE(	CTRICAL CHARACTERIS	STICS"
PWM Duty Ratio	D	100	%

#### **7.2 OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

The relative measurement methods of optical characteristics are shown here and all items are measured at the center point of screen unless otherwise noted. The following items should be measured under the test conditions described above and stable conditions shown in Note (5).

Iter	n	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
	Red	Rx		0.597	0.647	0.697		
	Reu	Ry		0.290	0.340	0.390		
	Green	Gx		0.271	0.321	0.371		
Color	Green	Gy		0.557	0.607	0.657		(1) (5)
Chromaticity	Blue	Bx	θ <b>X=0°</b> , θ <b>Y =0°</b>	0.102	0.152	0.202	-	(1), (5)
	Diue	Ву	Grayscale Maximum	0.000	0.050	0.100		
	White	Wx		0.268	0.318	0.368		
	white	Wy		0.285	0.335	0.385		
Center Lumina	nce of White	LC		500	600	-		(4), (5)
Contrast	Ratio	CR		700	1000	-		(2), (5)
Boonono	a Tima	TR		-	13	18	-	(2)
Respons	e Time	TF	θX=0°, θY =0°	-	12	17	-	(3)
White Va	riation	δW	θ <b>X=0°</b> , θ <b>Y =0°</b>	70	80	-	%	(5), (6)
	Horizontal	θX+		80	89	-		
	HUHZUHlai	θΧ-	CR≧10	80	89	-	Dea	(1) (E)
Viewing Angle	Vertical	θY+	UN≦ IU	80	89	-	Deg.	(1), (5)
	ventical	θΥ-		80	89	-		

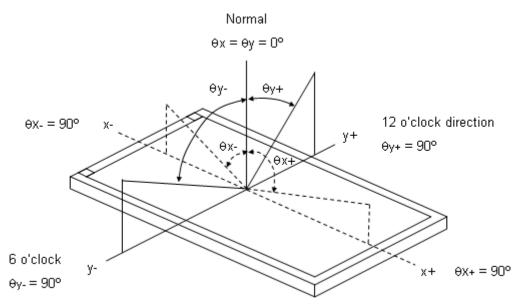
Definition :

Grayscale Maximum : Grayscale 255 (10 bits: grayscale 1023 ; 8 bits : grayscale 255 ; 6 bits: grayscale 63) White : Luminance of Grayscale Maximum (All R,G,B)

Black : Luminance of grayscale 0 (All R,G,B)



Note(1)Definition of Viewing Angle ( $\theta x, \theta y$ ):

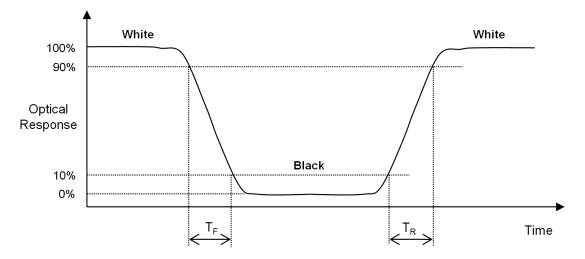


Note(2)Definition of Contrast Ratio (CR):

The contrast ratio can be calculated by the following expression at center point.

Contrast Ratio (CR) = White / Black

Note(3)Definition of Response Time  $(T_R, T_F)$ :



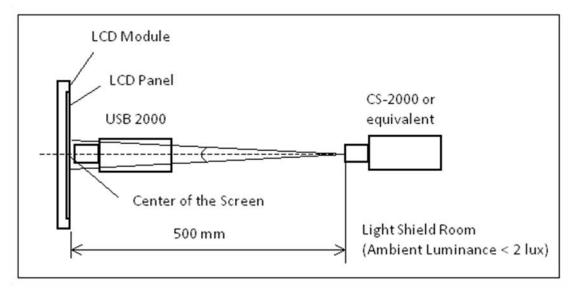
Note(4) Definition of Luminance of White (L<sub>C</sub>):

Measure the luminance of White at center point.



Note(5) Measurement Setup:

The LCD module should be stabilized at given temperature to avoid abrupt temperature change during measuring. In order to stabilize the luminance, the measurement should be executed after lighting Backlight for 40 minutes in a windless room. The measurement placement of module should be in accordance with module drawing.

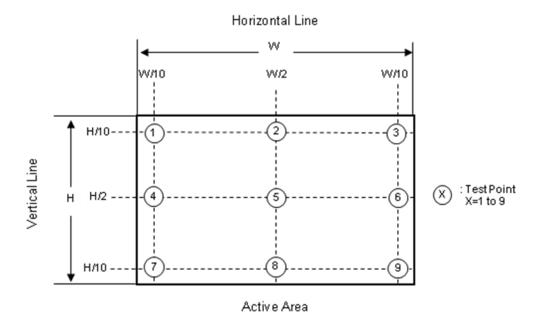


Note(6) Definition of White Variation ( $\delta W$ ):

Measure the luminance of White at 9 points.

Luminance of White : L(X) , where X is from 1 to 9.

$$\delta W = \frac{\text{Minimum [ L(1) to L(9)]}}{\text{Maximum [ L(1) to L(9)]}} \times 100\%$$



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#### 8. RELIABILITY TEST CRITERIA

Test Item	Test Condition	Note
High Temperature Storage Test	85°C, 240 hours	
Low Temperature Storage Test	-30 $^\circ\!\mathrm{C}$ , 240 hours	
Thermal Shock Storage Test	$-30^{\circ}$ C, 0.5 hour ↔ $85^{\circ}$ C, 0.5 hour; 100 cycles, 1 hour/cycle)	(1),(2)
High Temperature Operation Test	85°C, 240 hours	(1),(2) (4),(5)
Low Temperature Operation Test	-30°C , 240 hours	( )/( )
High Temperature & High Humidity Operation Test	60℃, RH 90%, 240 hours	
	150pF, 330 $\Omega$ , 1 sec/cycle	
ESD Test (Operation)	Condition 1 : panel contact, $\pm 8 \text{ KV}$	(1), (4)
	Condition 2 : panel non-contact $\pm 15$ KV	
Shock (Non-Operating)	200G, 2ms, half sine wave, 1 time for $\pm$ X, $\pm$ Y, $\pm$ Z	
Shock (Non-Operating)	direction	(2), (3)
Vibration (Non-Operating)	1.5G, 10 ~ 300 Hz sine wave, 10 min/cycle, 3 cycles each X,	(2), (0)
	Y, Z direction	

Note(1) There should be no condensation on the surface of panel during test ,

Note(2) Temperature of panel display surface area should be 85°C Max.

- Note(3) At testing Vibration and Shock, the fixture in holding the module has to be hard and rigid enough so that the module would not be twisted or bent by the fixture.
- Note(4) In the standard conditions, there is no function failure issue occurred. All the cosmetic specification is judged before reliability test.
- Note(5) Before cosmetic and function test, the product must have enough recovery time, at least 24 hours at room temperature.

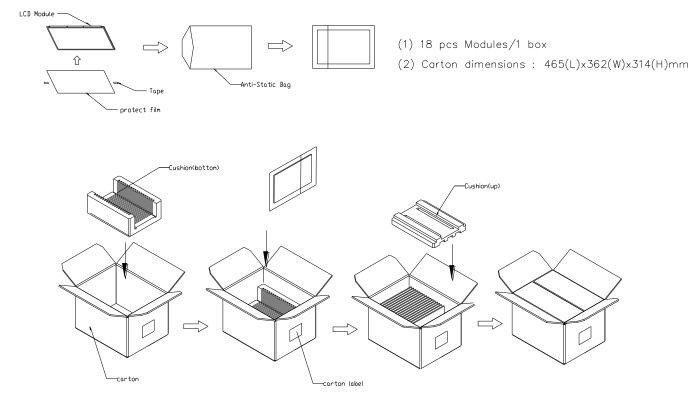


#### 9. PACKAGING

#### 9.1 PACKING SPECIFICATIONS

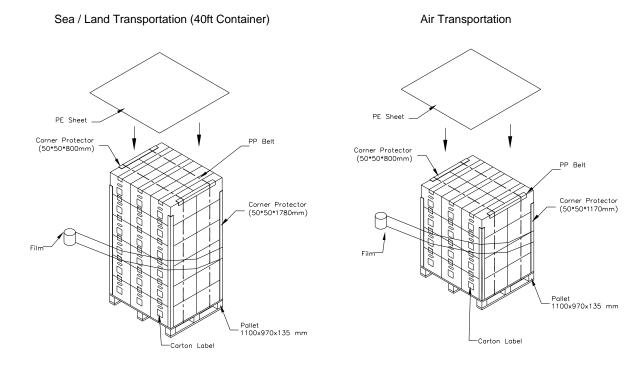
- (1) 18pcs LCD modules / 1 Box
- (2) Box dimensions: 465 (L) X 362 (W) X 314 (H) mm
- (3) Weight: approximately 10.9Kg (18 modules per box)

#### 9.2 PACKING METHOD



#### Figure. 9-1 Packing method







#### 9.3 UN-PACKING METHOD

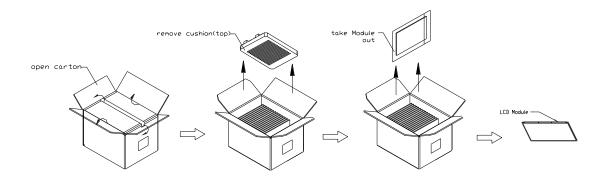


Figure. 9-3 UN-Packing method

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#### **10. DEFINITION OF LABELS**

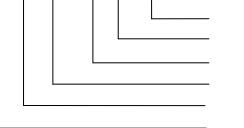
#### **10.1 INX MODULE LABEL**

The barcode nameplate is pasted on each module as illustration, and its definitions are as following explanation.



Note (1) Safety Compliance(UL logo) will open after C1 version.

- (a) Model Name: G121ACE-LH2
- (b) \* \* \* \* : Factory ID
- (c) Serial ID: X X X X X X X Y M D X N N N N



Serial INX Internal Use Year, Month, Date INX Internal Use Revision INX Internal Use

Serial ID includes the information as below:

(a) Manufactured Date: Year: 1~9, for 2021~2029

Month: 1~9, A~C, for Jan. ~ Dec.

- Day: 1~9, A~Y, for  $1^{st}$  to  $31^{st},$  exclude I , O and U
- (b) Revision Code: cover all the change
- (c) Serial No.: Manufacturing sequence of product



#### **11. PRECAUTIONS**

#### **11.1 ASSEMBLY AND HANDLING PRECAUTIONS**

- (1) The module should be assembled into the system firmly by using every mounting hole. Be careful not to twist or bend the module.
- (2) While assembling or installing modules, it can only be in the clean area. The dust and oil may cause electrical short or damage the polarizer.
- (3) Use fingerstalls or soft gloves in order to keep display clean during the incoming inspection and assembly process.
- (4) Do not press or scratch the surface harder than a HB pencil lead on the panel because the polarizer is very soft and easily scratched.
- (5) If the surface of the polarizer is dirty, please clean it by some absorbent cotton or soft cloth. Do not use Ketone type materials (ex. Acetone), Ethyl alcohol, Toluene, Ethyl acid or Methyl chloride. It might permanently damage the polarizer due to chemical reaction.
- (6) Wipe off water droplets or oil immediately. Staining and discoloration may occur if they left on panel for a long time.
- (7) If the liquid crystal material leaks from the panel, it should be kept away from the eyes or mouth. In case of contacting with hands, legs or clothes, it must be washed away thoroughly with soap.
- (8)Protect the module from static electricity, it may cause damage to the C-MOS Gate Array IC.
- (9)Do not disassemble the module.
- (10)Do not pull or fold the lamp wire.
- (11)Pins of I/F connector should not be touched directly with bare hands.

#### **11.2 STORAGE PRECAUTIONS**

- (1) When storing for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.
  - (a)Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 30°C at humidity 50+-10%RH.
  - (b) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object.
  - (c) It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.
  - (d) Storage condition is guaranteed under packing conditions.
  - (e)The phase transition of Liquid Crystal in the condition of the low or high storage temperature will be recovered when the LCD module returns to the normal condition
- (2) High temperature or humidity may reduce the performance of module. Please store LCD module within the specified storage conditions.
- (3) It is dangerous that moisture come into or contacted the LCD module, because the moisture may damage LCD module when it is operating.
- (4) It may reduce the display quality if the ambient temperature is lower than 10 °C. For example, the respons time will become slowly, and the starting voltage of lamp will be higher than the room temperature.

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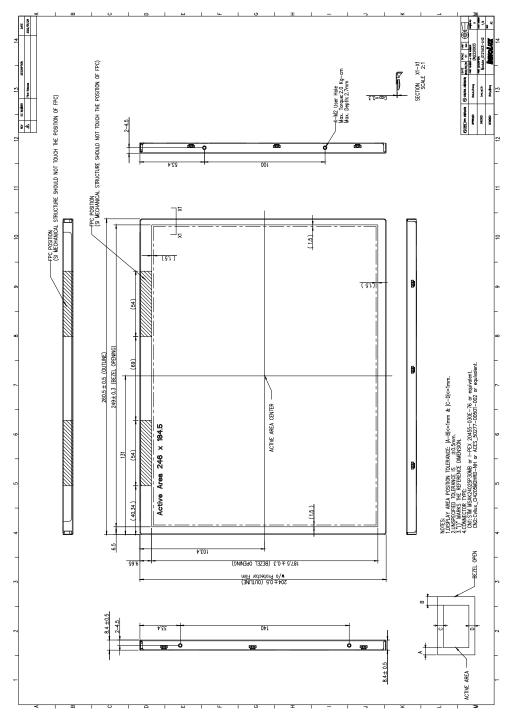


#### **11.3 OTHER PRECAUTIONS**

- (1) Normal operating condition
  - (a) Display pattern: dynamic pattern (Real display)
  - (Note) Long-term static display can cause image sticking.
- (2) Operating usages to protect against image sticking due to long-term static display
  - (a) Static information display recommended to use with moving image.
- (3) Abnormal condition just means conditions except normal condition.

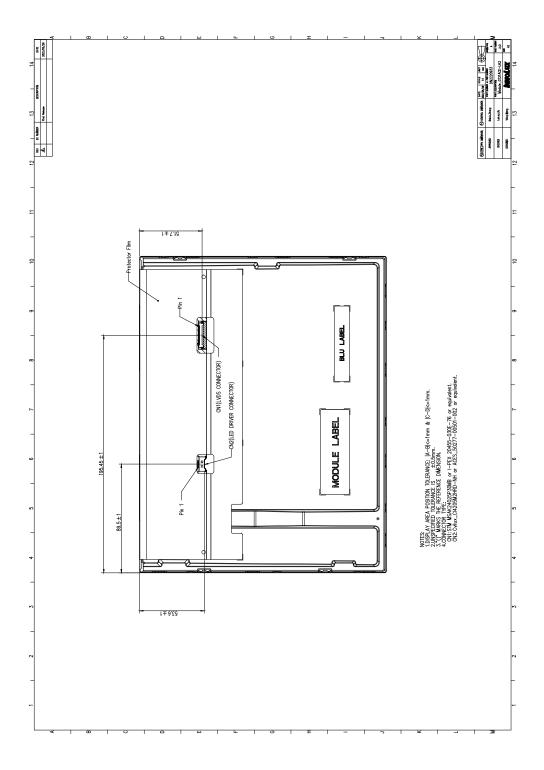


#### **12. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS**



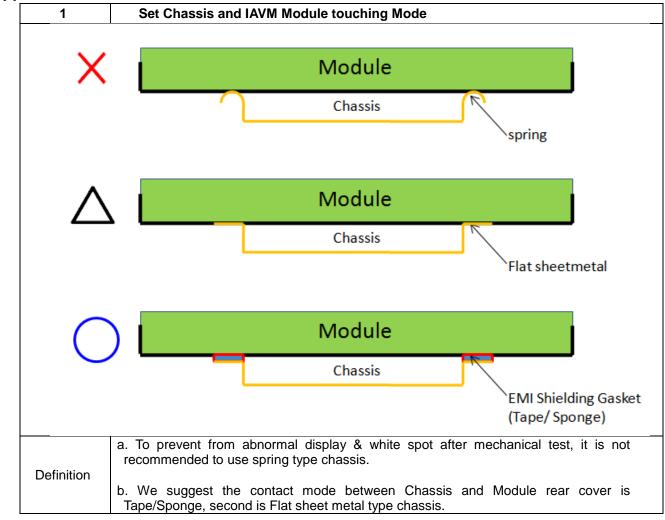


### **PRODUCT SPECIFICATION**

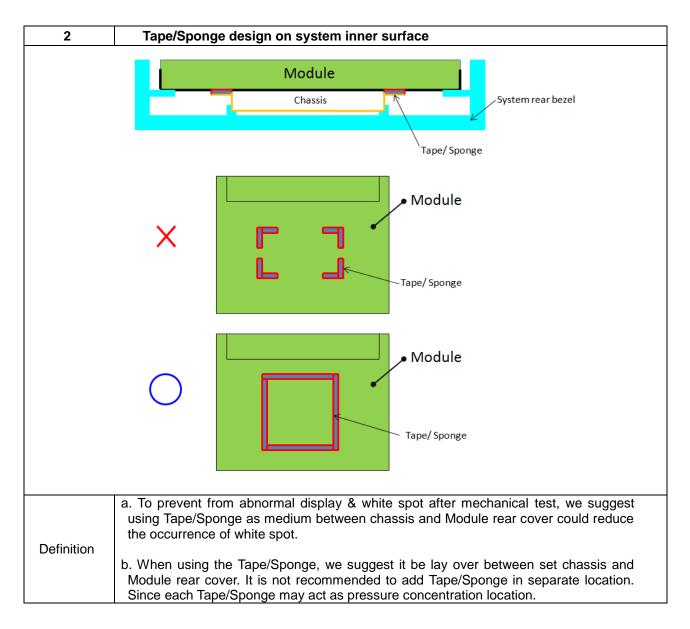




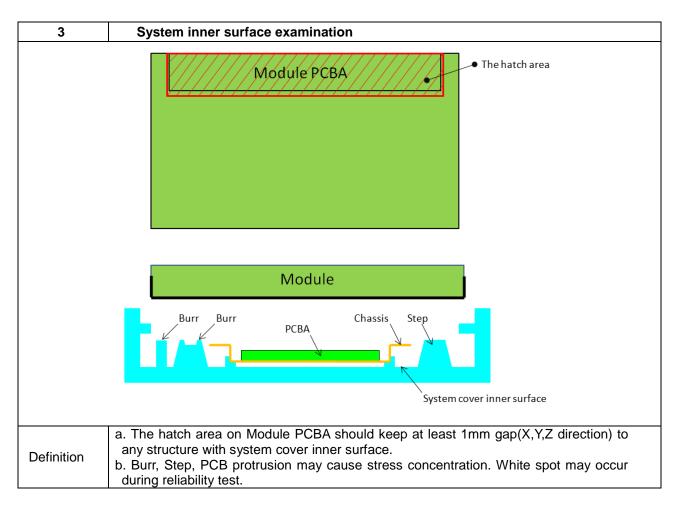
#### Appendix. SYSTEM COVER DESIGN NOTICE

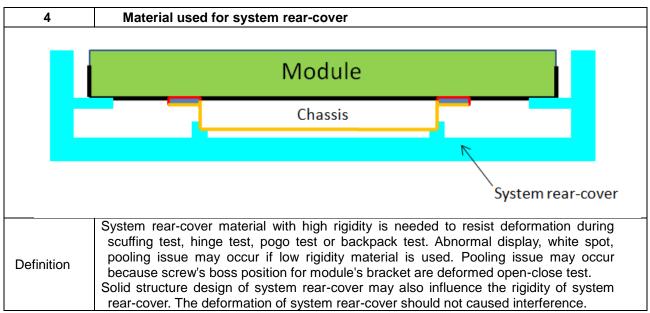




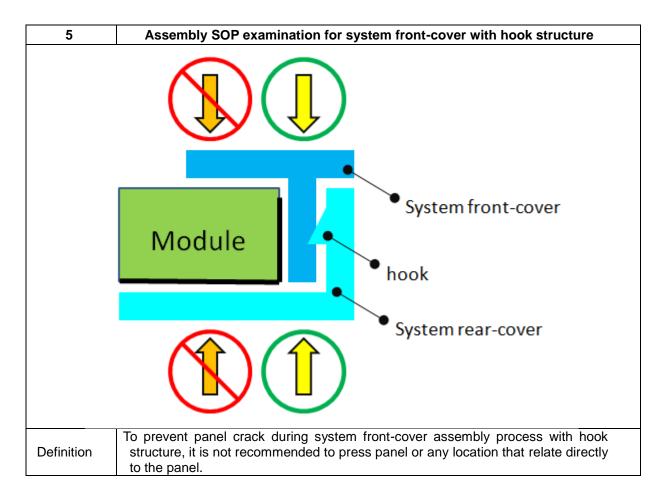




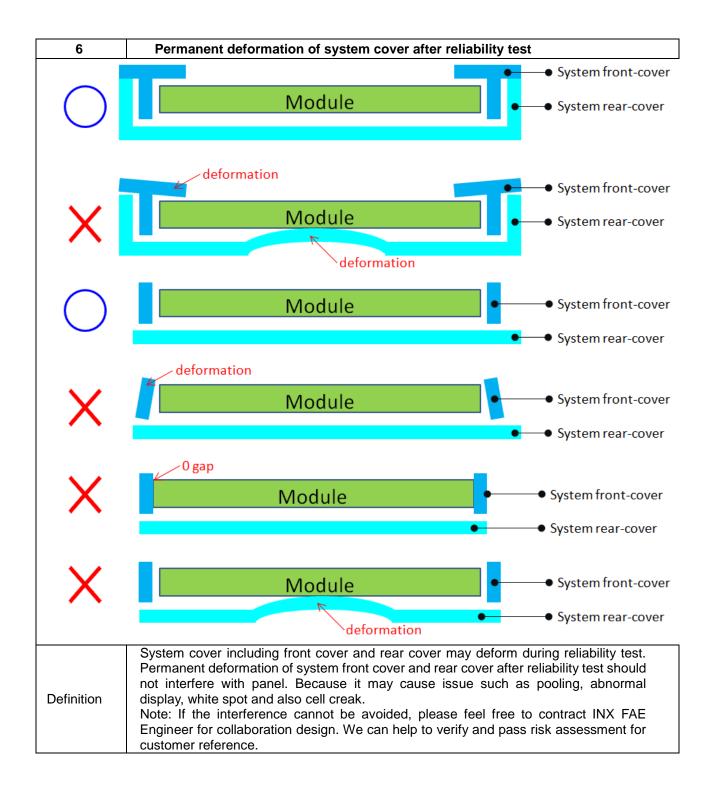






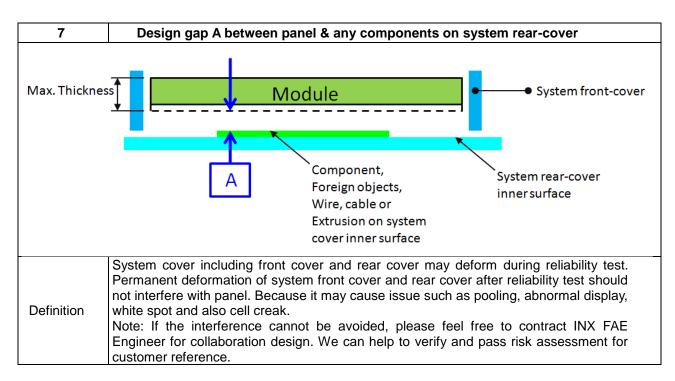


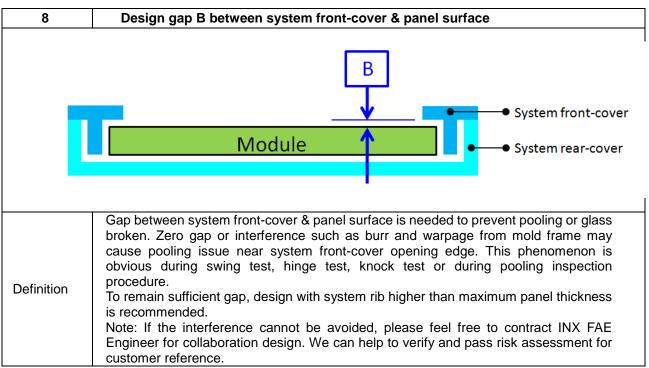




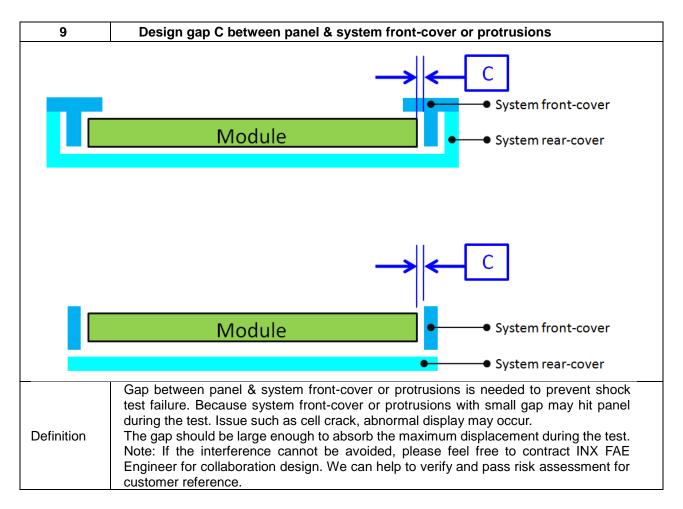
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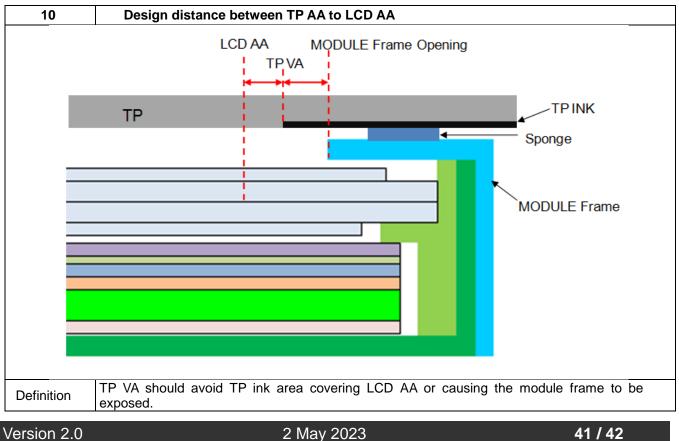






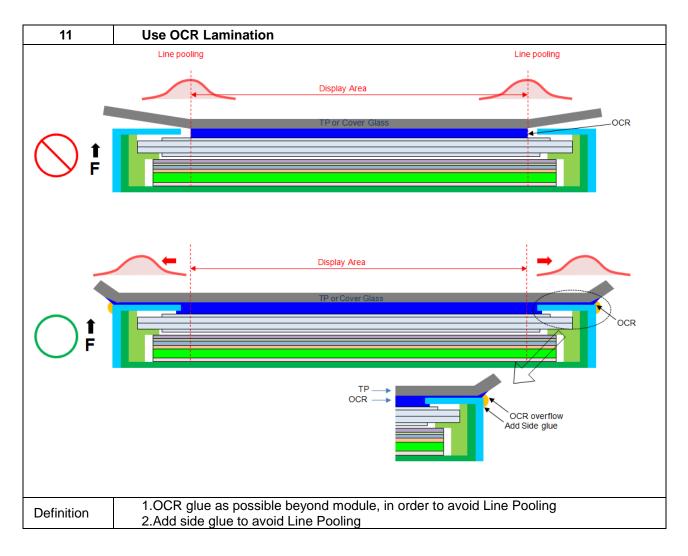








## PRODUCT SPECIFICATION





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